

## **Certificate of Analysis**

## IgG Glycan Library

Cat. #: CLIBN-IGG-01 Batch #: B337-02 Size: approx 25 μg Expiry: 20 Oct 2022

**Description:** A mixture of fucosylated, bi-antennary glycan standards with variable sialylation

released from human IgG antibody glycoprotein.

**Source**: The glycans in this product are released from an IgG standard that is purified from

human serum. IgG exists in a variety of glycoforms containing bi-antennary oligosaccharides

with variable sialylation.

Form: Dry. Lyophilised powder.

**Storage:** Refrigerate (-20°C) both before and after dissolving. This product is stable for at least

5 years as supplied.

**Shipping:** The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

**Handling**: Once dissolved, avoid repeated thawing and refreezing, storage over 3 h at room

temperature or above, exposure to light and long term exposure to acid as these will

cause glycan desialylation.

Safety: This product is non-hazardous and has been purified from natural sources certified to

be free of all hazardous material including pathogenic biological agents.

For research use only. Not for human or drug use



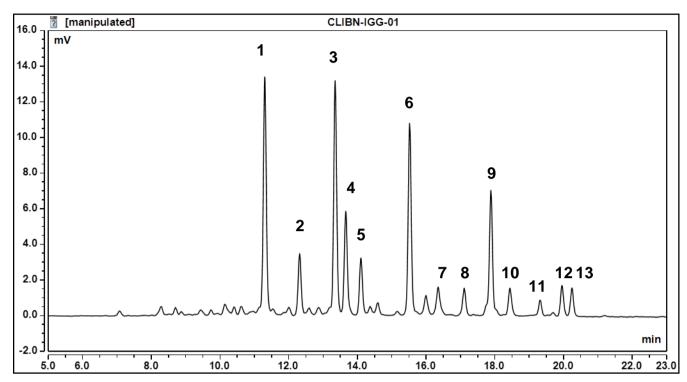


Figure 1: BEH UPLC Profile of 2AB Labelled IgG N-Glycans released from Human IgG antibody by N-mode hydrazinolysis (Cat. #: CLIB-IGG-01, Batch #B337-02). Table 1 shows peak assignments.

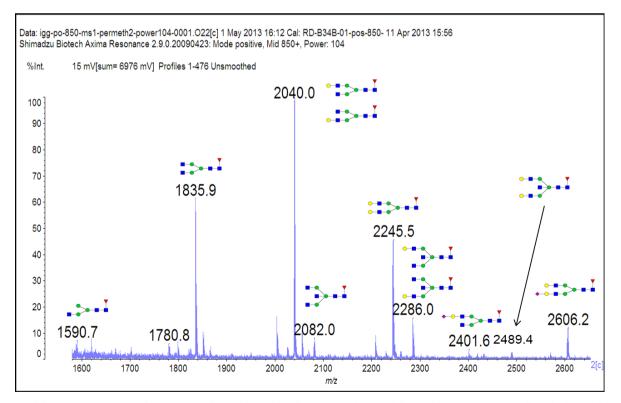


Figure 2: Mass spectrum of permethylated IgG N-Glycans released from Human IgG antibody by N-Mode hydrazinolysis. Analysis performed on Shimadzu Biotech Resonance MALDI-Ion Trap with DHB matrix. Table 1 shows peak assignments.

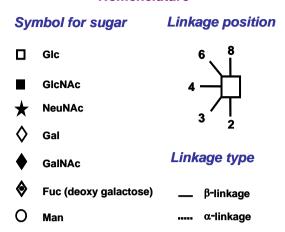


Peak ID	Full name	Short name	Structure	% Relative peak area
1	F(6)A2	FA2	2AB	17.43
2	F(6)A2B	FA2B	2AE	4.51
3	F(6)A2[6]G(4)1	FA2G1	2AB	17.46
4	F(6)A2[3]G(4)1	FA2G1	2AB	7.78
5	F(6)A2[6]BG(4)1	FA2BG1	<b>♦ 1</b> 2AB	4.18
	F(6)A2[3]BG(4)1	FA2BG1	2AB	
6	F(6)A2G(4)2	FA2G2	<b>♦</b> ————————————————————————————————————	15.35
7	F(6)A2BG(4)2	FA2BG2	<b>♦ 1 2 AB</b>	2.62
8	A2G(4)2S1	A2G2S1	<b>★ ( ) B B</b> 2AB	2.30
9	F(6)A2G(4)2S1	FA2G2S1	<b>★</b> {	10.61
10	F(6)A2BG(4)2S1	FA2BG2S1	<b>2</b> AB	2.32
11	A2G(4)2S2	A2G2S2	₩ # 2AB	1.12
12	F(6)A2G(4)2S2	FA2G2S2	2AB	2.41
13	F(6)A2BG(4)2S2	FA2BG2S2	2AB	2.19

Table 1: Structures and names of each peak from the BEH UPLC (Cat. #: CLIB-IGG-01, Batch #B337-02)



## Nomenclature



## **Structure Abbreviations**

All N-glycans have two core GlcNAcs; F at the start of the abbreviation indicates a core fucose, (6) after the F indicates that the fucose is  $\alpha$ 1-6 linked to the inner GlcNAc; Mx, number (x) of mannose on core GlcNAcs; Ax, number of antenna (GlcNAc) on trimannosyl core; A2, biantennary with both GlcNAcs as  $\alpha$ 1-2 linked; A3, triantennary with a GlcNAc linked  $\alpha$ 1-2 to both mannose and the third GlcNAc linked  $\alpha$ 1-4 to the  $\alpha$ 1-3 linked mannose; A3', triantennary with a GlcNAc linked as A3 with additional GlcNAc  $\alpha$ 1-6 linked to  $\alpha$ 1-6 mannose; B, bisecting GlcNAc linked  $\alpha$ 1-4 to  $\alpha$ 1-3 mannose; Gx, number (x) of linked galactose on antenna, (4) or (3) after the G indicates that the Gal is  $\alpha$ 1-4 or  $\alpha$ 1-3 linked; [3]G1 and [6]G1 indicates that the galactose is on the antenna of the  $\alpha$ 1-3 or  $\alpha$ 1-6 mannose; Sx, number (x) of sialic acids linked to galactose; the numbers 3 or 6 in parentheses after S indicate whether the sialic acid is in an  $\alpha$ 2-3 or  $\alpha$ 2-6 linkage.